

What is the primary source of energy for muscle contraction

- A. Glucose
- B. Protein
- C. ATP
- D. Oxygen

What is the term for the process by which glucose is converted into ATP in muscle c

- A. Glycolysis
- B. Fermentation
- C. Cellular respiration
- D. Photosynthesis

What is the role of creatine phosphate in muscle metabolism

- A. Helps with muscle growth
- B. Stimulates muscle repair
- C. Provides quick energy for muscle contractions
- D. Regulates muscle flexibility

What is the main waste product produced during anaerobic metabolism in muscle c

- A. ATP
- B. Carbon dioxide
- C. Water
- D. Lactic acid

What hormone is responsible for increasing blood glucose levels during exercise

- A. Epinephrine

- B. Insulin
- C. Glucagon
- D. Cortisol

What is the term for the build-up of lactic acid in muscles during intense exercise

- A. Muscle fatigue
- B. Lactic acidosis
- C. Glycolysis
- D. Anaerobic respiration

What is the primary function of glycogen in muscle cells

- A. Energy storage
- B. Cell communication
- C. Structural support
- D. DNA replication

What is the name of the process by which muscle cells break down fatty acids for energy

- A. Glycolysis
- B. Lipogenesis
- C. Beta-oxidation
- D. Photosynthesis

What is the role of oxygen in muscle metabolism

- A. Oxygen helps muscles grow stronger.
- B. Oxygen is only needed for short bursts of exercise.
- C. Oxygen is needed for aerobic respiration in muscles.
- D. Oxygen is not important for muscle metabolism.

What is the main difference between slow-twitch and fast-twitch muscle fibers in terms of their properties?

- A. Location
- B. Color
- C. Size
- D. Metabolism rate

What is the term for the process by which muscle cells repair and grow after exercise?

- A. Muscle hypertrophy
- B. Protein synthesis
- C. Cell degeneration
- D. Metabolic breakdown

What is the name of the enzyme that converts ATP into ADP during muscle contraction?

- A. ADPase
- B. ATPase
- C. ADP synthase
- D. ATP synthase

What is the main source of amino acids for muscle protein synthesis?

- A. Carbohydrates
- B. Dietary protein
- C. Vitamins
- D. Fats

What is the role of insulin in muscle metabolism?

- A. Insulin has no effect on muscle metabolism

- B. Insulin breaks down muscle tissue
- C. Insulin inhibits muscle growth
- D. Insulin promotes glucose uptake by muscle cells

What is the term for the process by which muscle cells break down proteins for energy?

- A. Glycolysis
- B. Lipolysis
- C. Oxidative Phosphorylation
- D. Proteolysis

What is the main function of mitochondria in muscle cells?

- A. Produce energy
- B. Produce proteins
- C. Store water
- D. Regulate temperature

What is the name of the molecule that carries high-energy electrons to the electron transport chain?

- A. ATP
- B. NADH
- C. FADH₂
- D. Glucose

What is the main difference between aerobic and anaerobic metabolism in muscle cells?

- A. Type of muscle
- B. Presence of oxygen
- C. Speed of reaction
- D. Location in the body

What is the term for the process by which muscle cells store excess glucose as glycogen?

- A. Gluconeogenesis
- B. Glycolysis
- C. Glycogenesis
- D. Glycogenolysis

What is the main function of myoglobin in muscle cells?

- A. Produce energy for muscle cells
- B. Help with muscle contraction
- C. Store and transport oxygen in muscle cells
- D. Regulate muscle growth

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